DATA ANALYTICS REFERENCE DOCUMENT			
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#### **REVISION HISTORY**

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## **Applied Databases - Week 4**

## **1. Get garage.sql from Moodle and import it into MySQL.**

mysql -u root -p <garage.sql</pre>

### 2. How are the tables in the database related?

```
show tables;
describe manufacturer;
show create table manufacturer;
show create table vehicle;
```

The manufacturer table contains a manufacturer code, name and description of the manufacturer of the vehicle.

The *vehicle* table contains the vehicle deteails with a reference to the manufacturer code described as a *foreign key constraint*. This foreign key links the two table with the manu\_code present in both tables.

# 3. Show the manu\_code, manu\_name and the first 10 characters of the manu\_details followed by three dots (...) for each manufacturer.

```
mysql> SELECT manu_code,
    manu_name,
    concat(left(manu_details,10),' ...') as 'manu_details'
    FROM garage.manufacturer;
+----+
```

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manu_code	_	manu_details	
FOR   GM   NIS   TOY   VOL	Ford General Motors Nissan Toyota Volkswagen	The Ford M   General Mo   Nissan Mot   Toyota Mot   Volkswagen	
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)			

# 4. Show the average length of the manu\_name (displayed as "Length") with 0 characters after the decimal point. HINT: Functions needed are avg(), length() and format().

```
mysql> SELECT format(avg(length(manu_name)),0)
    -> as Length
    -> FROM garage.manufacturer;
+----+
| Length |
+----+
| 8 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## 5. Show all details of all vehicles plus an extra column called "cost" which has the value 1.45 if the fuel is petrol otherwise has the value 1.30.

<pre>mysql&gt; SELECT *, if(fuel='petrol', '1.45', '1.30') as cost         -&gt; FROM garage.vehicle;</pre>						
	<pre>manu_code</pre>	mileage	price	colour	fuel	cost
	тоү	170000			petrol	
2009-RN-12	FOR	98242	•	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2010- <b>G</b> -13345	T0Y	50000	8599.00	Silver	petrol	1.45
2011- <b>G</b> -995	FOR	33500	8500.00	Blue	petrol	1.45
2011-WH-2121	FOR	55998	14000.00	Black	diesel	1.30
2014-WH-2189	FOR	12553	11000.00	Blue	diesel	1.30
2016- <b>D</b> -12345	ТОҮ	3456	15000.00	Red	petrol	1.45
+++++++++						

## 6. Show all the reg, manu\_code and associated manu\_name for each vehicle.

mysql> SELECT gv.reg, gv.manu\_code, gm.manu\_name FROM garage.vehicle gv

```
-> left join garage.manufacturer gm
-> on gv.manu_code=gm.manu_code
-> ;
+-----+
| reg | manu_code | manu_name |
+-----+
| 2009-RN-12 | FOR | Ford |
| 2011-G-995 | FOR | Ford |
| 2011-WH-2121 | FOR | Ford |
| 2014-WH-2189 | FOR | Ford |
| 2003-LM-201 | TOY | Toyota |
| 2010-G-13345 | TOY | Toyota |
| 2016-D-12345 | TOY | Toyota |
+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## 7. Show the manu\_code and manu\_name as well as associated reg, for each manufacturer who has vehicles listed in the vehicle table.

<pre>mysql&gt; SELECT gm.manu_code, gm.manu_name, gv.reg     -&gt; FROM garage.manufacturer as gm     -&gt; inner join garage.vehicle as gv     -&gt; on gm.manu_code=gv.manu_code;</pre>						
		++				
	manu_name +	reg    +				
FOR	Ford	2009-RN-12				
FOR	Ford	2011- <b>G</b> -995				
FOR	Ford	2011-WH-2121				
FOR	Ford	2014-WH-2189				
TOY	TOY   Toyota   2003-LM-201					
TOY   Toyota   2010-G-13345						
TOY	Toyota	2016- <b>D</b> -12345				
++						
7 rows <b>in</b> set (0.00 sec)						

# 8. Show the manu\_code and manu\_name as well as associated reg, for all manufacturers and if they have vehicles listed in the vehicle table, show the reg of it.

<pre>mysql&gt; SELECT gm.manu_code, gm.manu_name, gv.reg     -&gt; FROM garage.manufacturer as gm     -&gt; left join garage.vehicle as gv     -&gt; on gm.manu_code=gv.manu_code;</pre>				
	+		-+	
manu_code	manu_name	reg		
+	+	+	-+	
FOR	Ford	2009-RN-12		
FOR	Ford	2011- <b>G</b> -995		
FOR	Ford	2011-WH-2121		
FOR	Ford	2014-WH-2189		
GM	General Motors	NULL	1	

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NIS	Nissan	NULL
TOY	Toyota	2003-LM-201
TOY	Toyota	2010-G-13345
TOY	Toyota	2016-D-12345
VOL	Volkswagen	NULL
+	<b>in set</b> (0.00 sec)	++

# 9. Write a stored procedure called price\_less\_than that takes one parameter of type decimal(8,2) which represents the price of a vehicle:

```
price_less_than(p decimal(8,2))
```

The procedure should then return the following details for all vehicles where the price of the vehicle is less than p sorted by ascending price:

- Reg
- Manu\_code
- Manu\_name
- Mileage
- Price

### Procedure

```
CREATE PROCEDURE `price_less_than`(p decimal(8,2))
    DETERMINISTIC
BEGIN
    SELECT gv.reg, gv.manu_code, gm.manu_name, gv.mileage, gv.price
    FROM garage.vehicle gv
    left join garage.manufacturer gm
    on gv.manu_code=gm.manu_code
    where gv.price
```

### **Testing Procedure**

Query OK,  $\Theta$  rows affected ( $0.\,\Theta\Theta$  sec)

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